







Week 1 - 11th October 2021









Observation after one week:

Affer nearly one weak the roots of the plants connected to the lava pellets (p. 2+4). The plants leaves start to become more stable and "strong". These leaves also seen to grow a bit these leaves also seen to grow a bit time planting, but the changes are all in all just minimal. The while woodlice can't be seen since

publing them into the hermetosphere, because they're just active in darkness. They also seem to do their "jub", because as you can vie in picture 1. e) they started to east the "unhealthy" (deast ends of the plen's leaves.

l - Ptenis

2 - Tradescantia rebrina (rebra herb)

Week 2 - 18th October 2021



From week 1 (11th Oct. 2021) there were big changes in the nermetosphere.

The biggest and most obviour change is: there are a lot of coater droplets inside of the "glasses walls" - meaning that water survey of that water, surlight and of condense. With the "help" of that water, surlight and CO2, glucose and O2 will be produced. In order to these processes, photosynthesis can take place.

If glucore and O2 is produced, there's automatically a cellular respiration taking place which produces water and EO2. There facts clearly show that there are very important cycles in the nemerosphere which can also be found indentically in the brocphere to make processes/systems) cycles etc. work properly. Also the roots became way bigges than last week (p. 2, 4, 5, 6).

Week 3 - 25 " October 2021



Observation after three weeks:

The changes were rather small from last week (18th Oct. 2021). Picture 3 thous how much condensation is on the glasses well (how much water condensed). In comparison to that, the glass is "cleaned" in picture 4. Every single week the roots of each peant are growing and they also become thicker (-> "stronges") as shown in picture 3, 4 and 5. In picture 1 and 4 you can see that the pteris fare still gets eaten by the white woodlice (which still aren't and won't be seen -> expl. update week A). Picture 2 shows that the pteris storted to develop little hair in the roots' area. Also picture 2 shows the few little hair which start to develop on the zero herbs' leaves edges.

the sebre nerb's new little leaves, which appeared for the first time in last weaks updade (18th Oct. 2024), grew pretty much and they will (of course) continue to grow (->How long will it take them to grow as the atless?) Not only the sebre nerb developed new leaves, the plens form did as well (p. 7.2).

Week 4 - 1st November 2021





Observation after

Jour weaks:

(p. 3, 4,5).





As well as in weak three (25th Oct. 2021) there weren't that big or drastic changes. Nearly everything stayed the same or developed as much as "it did the weeks before. I can watch every single week now much the plants roots grow and it's fascinating how "strong" they become Not only last week (25th Oct. 2021) the plants / leaves started to develop little hairs, they did this weak as well. Especially the sebra herb has got hairs on almost every single lave. Those which were there already became even thicker. The name is true for the roots and stems of the plens. You can charly see that in picture 7.213. The pteris "new" lades in picture 2.2 also grew pretty much

from last weak on. One of its lacues seems to wilt unfortunately. (-> Will the coordina decompose that seave? If yes, how long will it take?) Nevertheburs the white woodlice are definitely active which is shown in picture 1, because they still out the wet I dollad pasts of the pteris form.







Observation after



As last week (1st November 2021), the 4.1, rots pretty much. the difference Ois big the change of the steril is also vitible in picture 3.4.



2



3

The "new laaves grow and grow. Also picture 3.2 chors that the white woodlice are active

all the time, but why is the one leave in picture 4.1 still there if the cooddice are suppored to be active? (Aren't there enough cooldlice anymore? To they just eat parts of it and need time?) Picture 5 thous that there are fever little hairs on the setter herts leaves and the ebra here has lost it's purple color on the leaves surface. East the leaves are still pusple on the undersuspace (p. 1 + 5.3). The fifth picture also shows that the roots are still growing and Sucher developing.

the woodlice where also active on a zetra herbs leave, because there's

a hole in one of the leaves. On the glases "walls" are a lot of water droplets (condensed water) which means that the cycle of the hermetosphere is working properly.





Observation after six weaks:

the hypothesis of last week (8th November 2021) has been refuted since Opickure 5 shows that the pten's leave, which rots, gets smaller because there are more ownlines of the one leave than the actual leave. Picture 1.1 and 4 clearly show that the setre here has is purple color MUST on the underside. It's astonishing how a plant can love it's color partly. Picture 1.2 and 6.1.12. show the persistent growth of the plants toots. Not only the roots are growing, the "new" prens boures as well (p. 3.29). The nole which the roosdlice left behind on a sebra herbs leave

hasn't changed since last week.

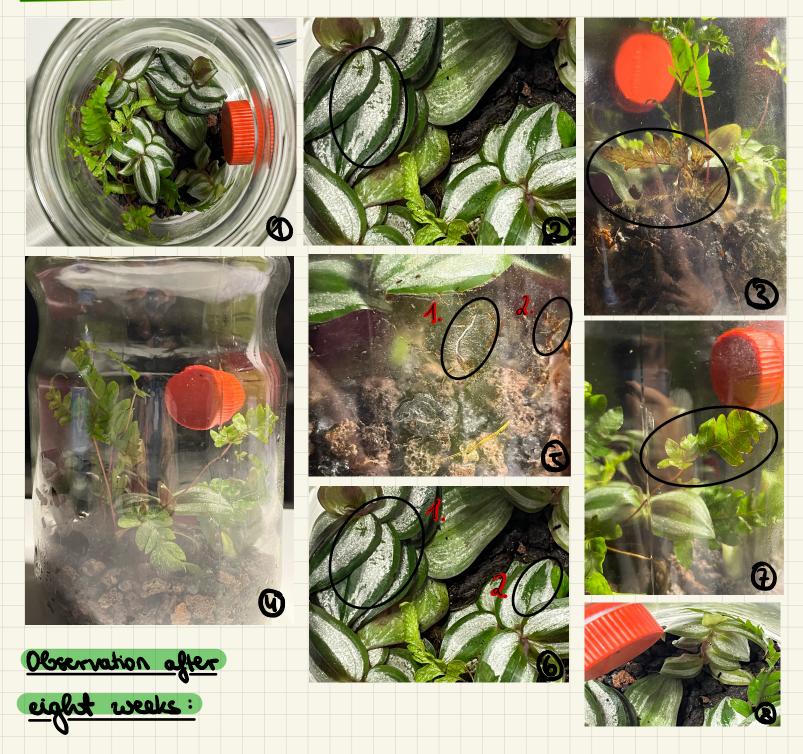
Weck 7 - 22 November 2021



Observation after seven weaks:

Also in the 7th week, the woodlice are very active, especially when looking at the oten's fam (p. 3.1, 04, 6). The hole in the zero news leave seems to be a tit biges. The zero new developed little nairs on every single least in weak 3 to 4, but now it seems to lose it's little hairs. Picture 3.2 shows that the leave which rots, turned almost completely brown. The second picture portrayls the enormous growth of the roots - those reach up to the surface of the law petiets.

Week 8 - 29th November 2021



Picture 1, 2 and 6.1./2. show one of the biggest changes within the last weeks: the science heres leaves atte almost att losing their silvery chimmer. Some are losing it "partly", like just a little roundish pest in the middle, but stress love of to the half of their "chimmer" (p. 8). In picture 1 you can see that the leaves of the pteris which got eaten by the woodlice before, are now "recovering", because just picture 7 choise that there's just a quarter of one leaves got eater in the part days - meaning that the woodlice were probably not that active. Picture 5.1/2 thows that the roots reach up to the glasss " wats" and they stick to it with very little "branches".



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være just very little changes between weak eight and hvelve, I decided to put in a break. because of that, there's a bigger and better contrast to what happened within 28 days.





twelve weeks:

This weeks descriptions shows that the setre hast is continuously losing it's rever thinner and not just pasky, but extrusively on I each leave (it looks like it's "worked" away. Picture 3 and 4 show that the plens till gets cake by the woodlice and the britter corners get denter. Not only those corners or edges get deskes, but the holes adoes of the setre here's have does as will (p. 2). In picture 5 and 7 it's visible that the roots grows and grows. Picture 5: nows the roots don't only neach up to the lower pellets rungare, but also to the glass bottom. Picture 7.2: there are more and more transhes of the roots and p. 7.1 thous a long branch with very small branches / haits. Sout but not least the 6th picture thous the one base of the plets which roots. From week to week there is less and less over of it, so dust there are also more ouslinks leaft flam in week to for example. The ringle leaves of it years to be some kind of "yee transfe" or at least thinner in their structure.





Observation after thirteen weeks:

The 13th week doesn't really glipsi changes, it rathes choose furthes developments of the herenetrophere. From the outside the 2nd picture choises the "build up" of week doesn't really but if you turn it 180 degrees, there tin't any "build up" on this side. The loss of the etres where silvery glipmet increased from week 12 (p. 1, 3, 40). When looking at picture 4 and 8, the same leave is chosen, but just from another perspective (- to the same here also looks silvers picture 5 meres, but a wild or is it the matter of light (reflection)?). Nevertheless picture 5 pertrays the "recovernent" of the partly eater pleris, whereas the same on picture 6 rots from week to week that it's even more "transparent" than both week (23" Dec. 2021). It's the same case for the same here's leave on pricture 12, since the hole "rots" from the inside, the one have itself becomes dilepideted. Picture 11.1 shows a new "spot" of the woodlike on the pleris which get pretty datk. Gesides that, not everything in this developing jas has to be negative: the roots are and will be growing jurkes (p. 7, 11.2). Picture 3 and 10 also show using using new few sould of the one on picture 3 is rolles "light/torsparent" and in comparison to that the one on picture 3 is rolles "light/torsparent" and in comparison

Answering questions

1. How does a hermetosphere generally need to be constructed?

- P First of all the hasmetosphere has to be a cloved apportunities in order to work in an "artificial" way. Since it is cloved, all cycles like the photosynthesis and the cellulas respiration will take place "artificially" and not how it is normally in nature.
 - not how it is normally in noture. But to make this prodesses work, not only plants are needed, but also other living organisms which are animals and in this case (white) brooklice.
 - those two living organisms will interact with each other and make the system "hermetosphere" work in a propes way.
 - Begilles the system and processes there has to be a matrial which could replace the soil in which the plants will grows. Furthermore you have to remember that this project is "attificial" and the only living organisms are the usedlice and plants (for ex. plans for and zeros herb). With soil which contains nutrients and possibly fungues, it usuldn't be completely "artificial", so it's recommended to use law pellets. An effect could also be when taking a photo and removing the lid (->(0)).

2. c. Speculate how/why the system "hermetosphere" could Decome instable 2

Lo the system "hermetosphere" could become instable, because it's seen as an "artificial ecology system". In reality that isn't really true, since the hermetosphere thill needs light for taking place processes.

Without light, especially surlight, all material cycles in that systems wouldn't work and wenything would did in it. As mentioned in 1., other pattors besides the plants and woodlice could affect the "anficiality" of the project "hesmetregeler".

3. Comparison of hermetosphere and biosphere

Lo As raid in 1. and 2.c., a <u>hemetriplane</u> is rather an "atificial" system. In composison to that a biosphere is a natural system since it's a space on earth where life is possible. some factors which are involved in the biosphere, aren't in the remetriplene, just live other living organisms.